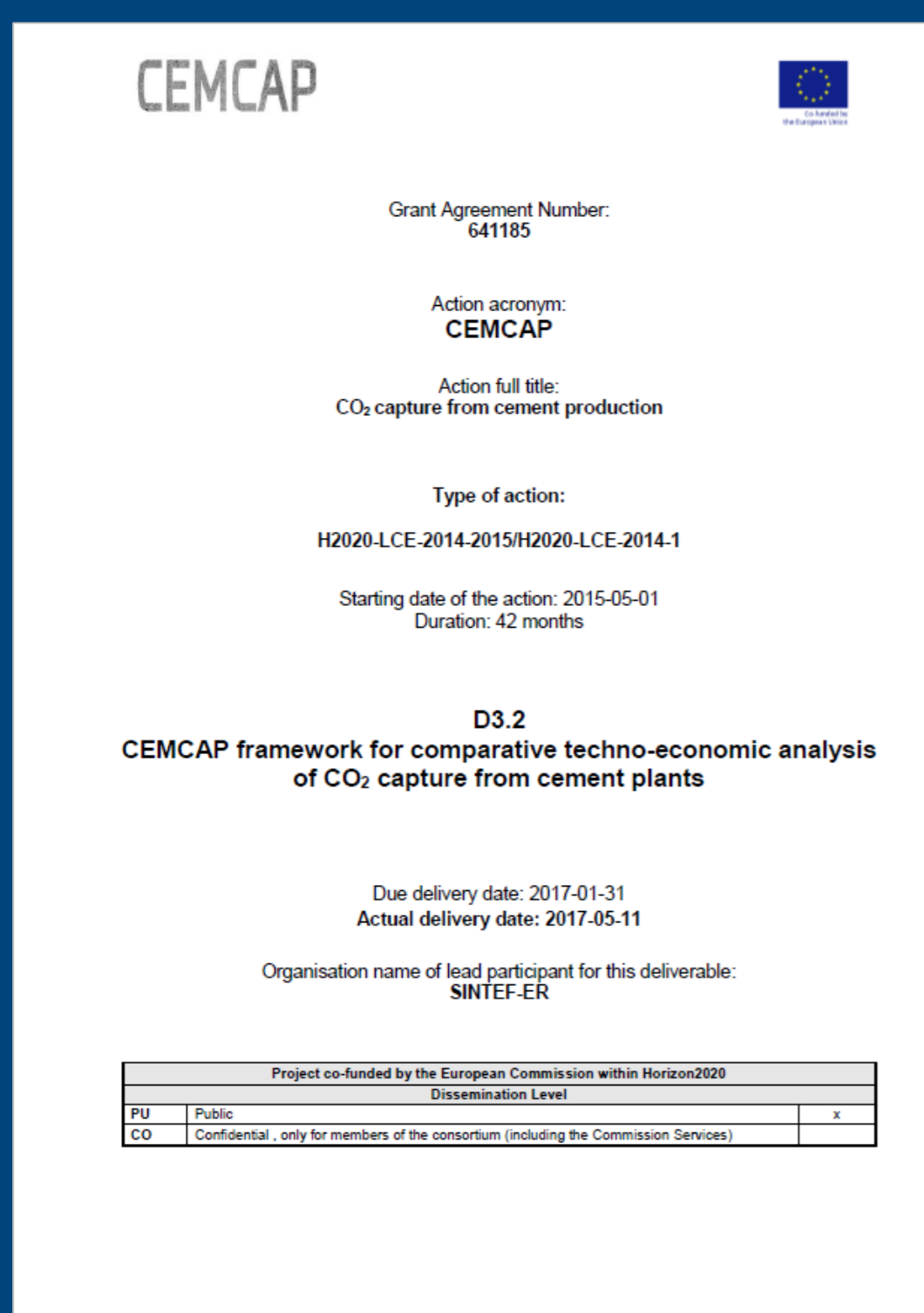


CEMCAP

CEMCAP is a Horizon 2020 project with the objective to prepare the grounds for cost- and resource-effective CCS in European cement industry.

Key deliverable so far:



Available at: <https://www.sintef.no/projectweb/cemcap/results/>



Rahul Anantharaman¹, David Berstad¹, Giovanni Cinti², Edoardo De Lena³, Manuele Gatti³, Matteo Gazzani⁴, Helmut Hoppe⁵, Armin Jamali⁵, Isabel Martínez³, Juliana Garcia Moretz-Sohn Monteiro⁶, José-Francisco Pérez-Calvo⁴, Matteo Romano³, Simon Roussanaly¹, Olaf Stallmann⁷, Erin Schols⁶, Maurizio Spinelli³, Sigmund Størset¹, Daniel Sutter⁴, Peter van Os⁶, and Mari Voldsund¹

¹SINTEF Energy Research, ²Italcementi, ³Politecnico di Milano, ⁴ETH, ⁵VDZ, ⁶TNO, ⁷GE

Contact:

Mari.Voldsund@sintef.no
www.sintef.no/cemcap
Twitter: @CEMCAP_CO2



This project is funded by the European Union's Horizon 2020 Framework Programme for research and innovation

CEMCAP framework and comparative capture process analysis

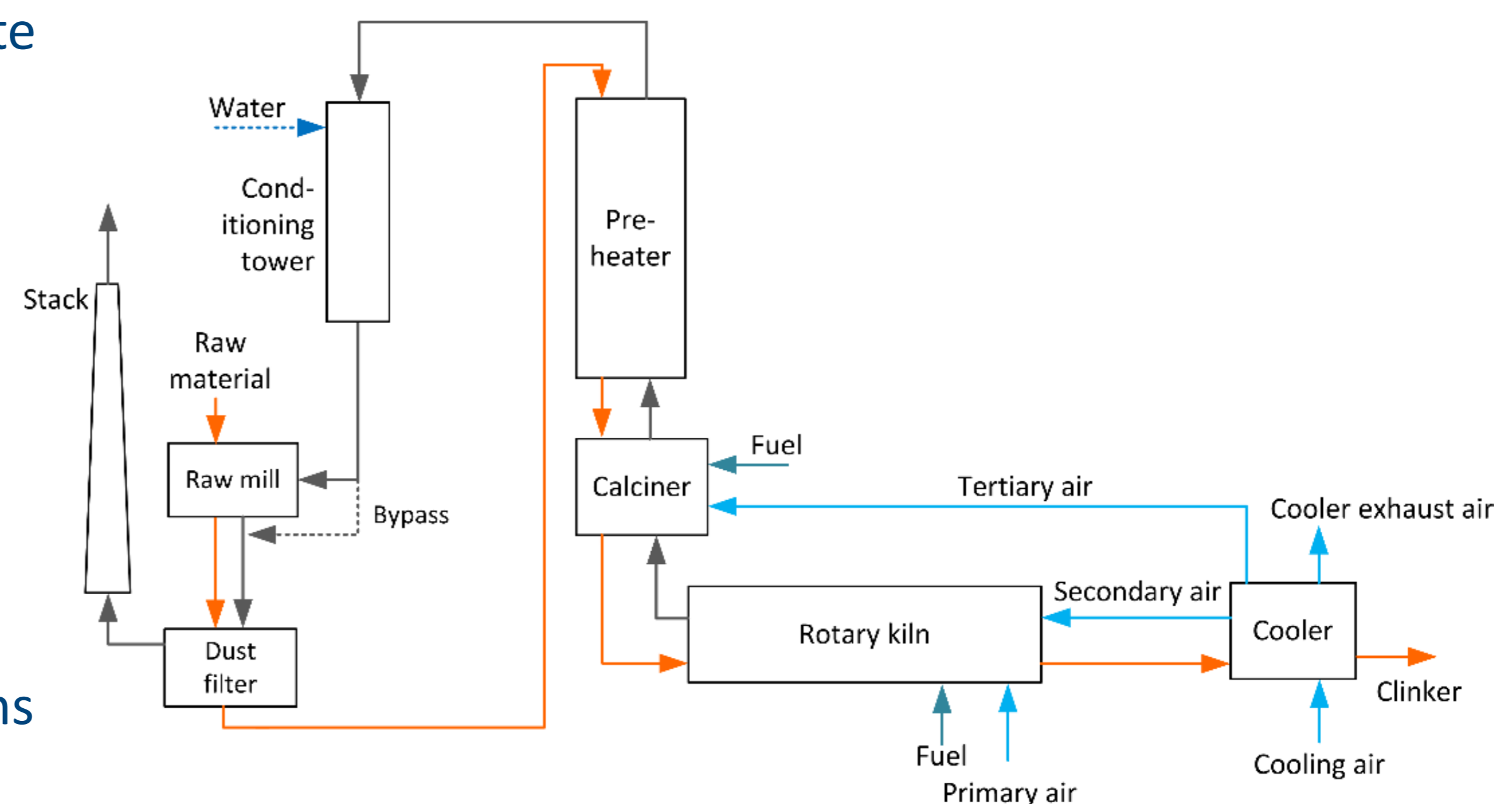
Objectives

- Provide a consistent framework for the pilot testing, process simulations and comparative analysis
- Develop consistent process simulations for the three post combustion technologies investigated in CEMCAP
- Determine sizes and costs for all four CEMCAP technologies
- Perform a comparative techno-economic analysis of the CEMCAP technologies
- Perform a comparative evaluation of retrofitability

CEMCAP framework (WP3)

The CEMCAP framework contains specifications about the following subjects:

- Reference cement kiln
- Utilities – cost and climate impact
 - Steam
 - Electricity
 - Integrated power generation
 - Oxygen supply
 - Refrigeration
- Process unit specifications
- CO₂ specifications
- Economic parameters
- Key performance indicators

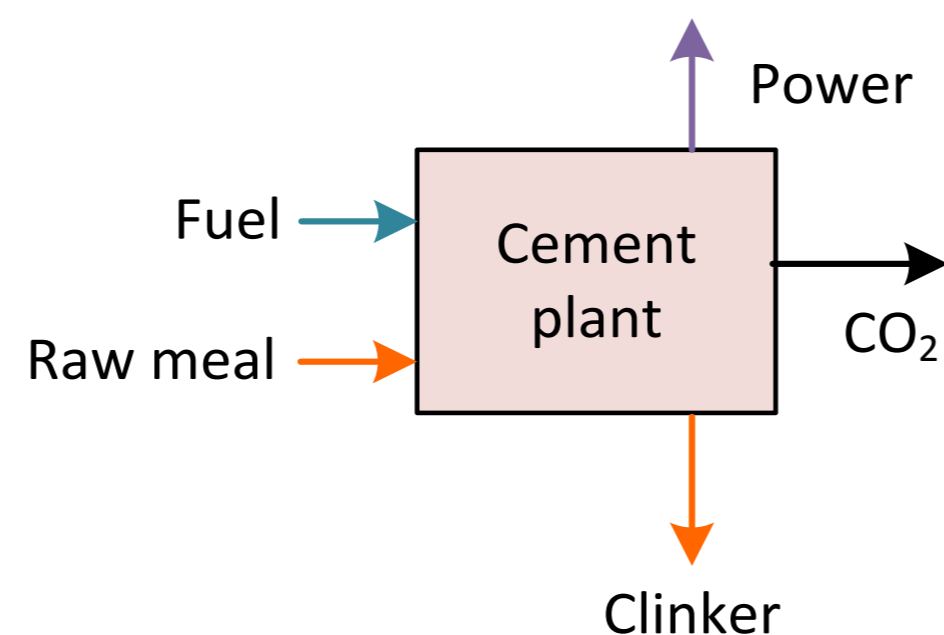


Comparative capture process analysis (WP4)

Four capture technologies with the following characteristics are investigated:

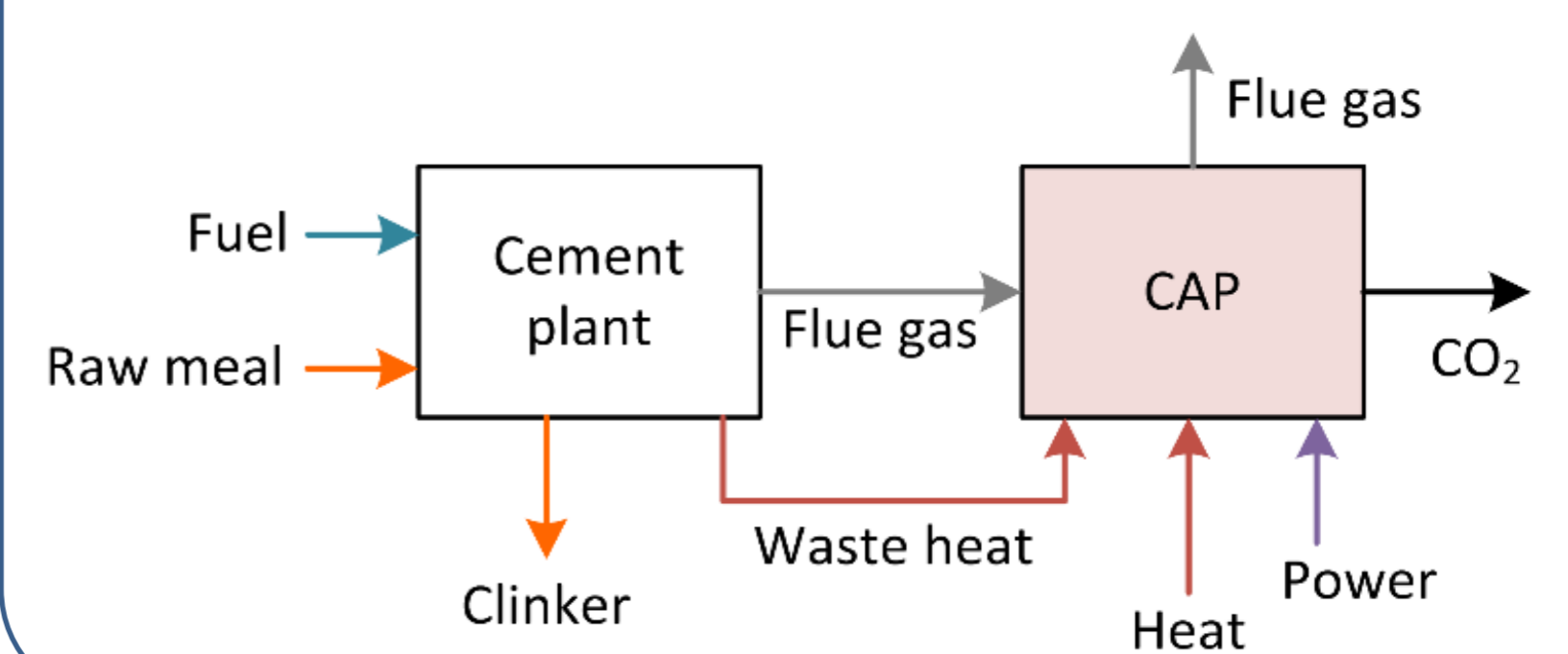
Oxyfuel

- Combustion in O₂ (not air) gives CO₂-rich flue gas
- Require: oxygen
- Generate: power from waste heat



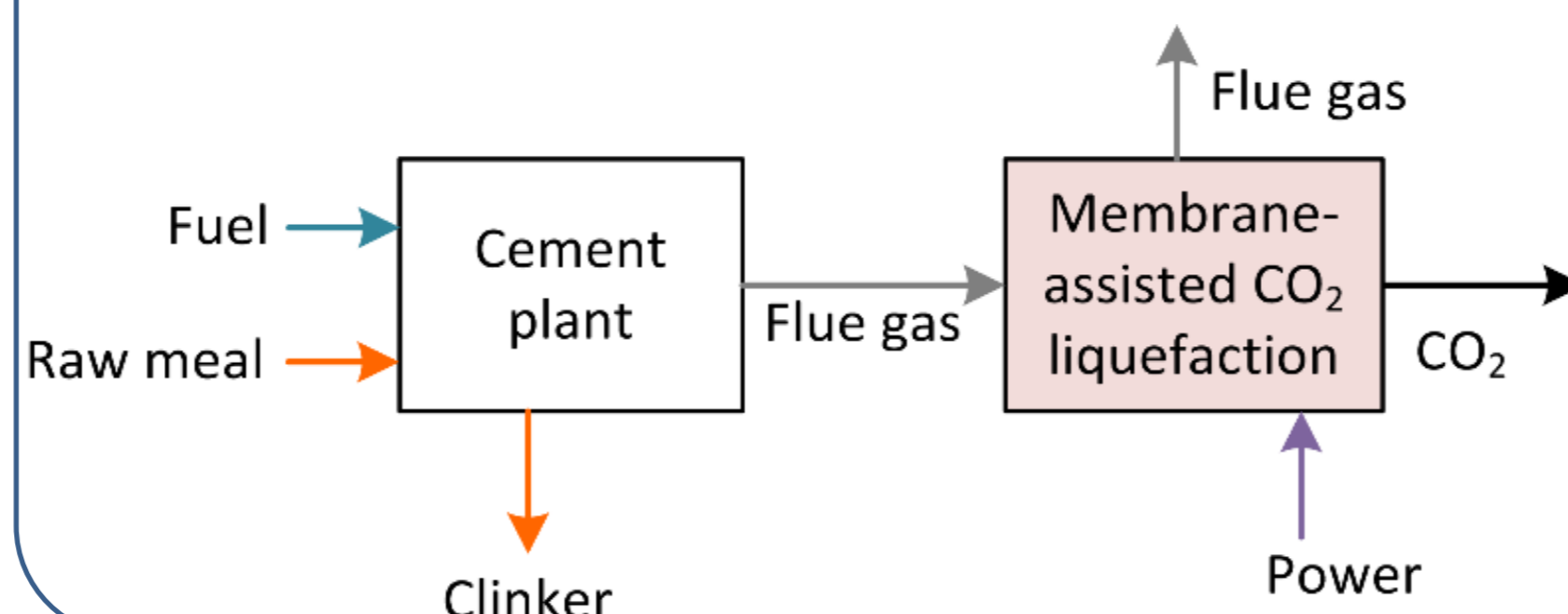
Chilled ammonia process (CAP)

- NH₃/water mixture as liquid solvent
- Require: heat for solvent regeneration, electricity for refrigeration



Membrane-assisted liquefaction (MAL)

- Polymeric membrane for flue gas CO₂ enrichment followed by CO₂ liquefaction
- Require: electricity for refrigeration and compression



Calcium looping (CaL)

- CaO reacts with CO₂ to form CaCO₃
- Require: heat for sorbent regeneration, oxygen
- Generate: power from waste heat

